

## Abstract

Although there has been an increase in mental health awareness within the people, the high suicide rate is still remaining as the mutual problem to solve in the united nation system. This study focuses on the relation between the suicide rates within the developing and developed countries, the common means of suicide and the causes of suicide, in regards to both global trend and the trend in South Korea. The commonly held beliefs, such as positive linear correlation between the suicide rates and the accessibility to common methods of suicide (drug poisoning, pesticide poisoning, cutting, hanging, etc.), the age range of 10 to 29 and 70 and higher have been proved wrong at the  $\alpha$  - level of 0.05 and 0.10.